

Patent Application of

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**TITLE; METHOD FOR STUFFING FOOD ITEMS.**

**CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS**

Not applicable

**BACKGROUND**

**1. Field of the Invention**

This invention relates, but is not limited to preparation of foods for the home and restaurant, specifically food items which the person preparing the food would want to place a stuffing into.

**2. Related Art**

Hereunto, chefs in a restaurant or at home had no choice as to the method of stuffing food items. Normally tenderloin, fillet of fish, fowl breast or other stuffable food had to be sliced. The chef would then lay it open in a butterfly fashion, or open the pocket formed, spoon on the appropriate quantity of stuffing. The chef would now fold the two pieces together and sew, tie with string or use wooden, metal rods to hold the stuffed item closed. There has not until the present invention been a method which enables a chef to deposit stuffing into a food item to any desire depth through an aperture of minimal size. Without having to sew, skewer or tie the food being stuffed.

Having searched in (1) United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO), (2) the IBM patent database, (3) ran numerous Boolean queries and visited various web sites such as Lehman's, Chefs without locating any means for food preparation of this type and versatility.

#### **References Cited (Referenced By)**

<b>Patent # 6,117,467</b>	Sept., 2000	Huling	426/281
<b>Patent # 3,890,675</b>	Jun., 1975	Nausedas	17/41
<b>Patent # 4,438,145</b>	Mar., 1984	Bakker	426/279
<b>Patent # 4,669,967</b>	Jun., 1987	Hayashi	425/376
<b>Patent # 5,900,265</b>	May, 1999	Rutherford	426/281

In reviewing previous art, the most relevant patent, **United States Patent # 6,117,467** reveals a elongated hollow sleeve with a generally square cross section and longitudinal bore. One end is cut at an angle the other has an enlarged head. A window is cut through the wall in the middle. There is also an elongated plunger, which is round in cross section. This is not an efficient design, as any viscous stuffing will travel up the inside corners around the plunger. The apparatus is stainless steel and is utilized by plunging it into a piece of meat to the desired depth and with drawing the plunger to expose the window. At this point the stuffing can be loaded into the square tube and the plunger pushed forward to inject the stuffing into the item being stuffed. Having a square bore would present a problem with maintaining cleanliness. **United States Patent # 3,890,675** discloses a stuffing horn with a product stoppering and severing device that moves into and out of the tapered end of a horn. This device is intended to be used to

stuff sausage and is only capable of utilizing a viscous pumpable mass, which is pumped mechanically into a flexible casing. **United States Patent # 4,438,145** describes a process for stuffing a meat bird in which a wrap of edible material is folded around the stuffing. The wrap, which is put around the stuffing mechanically, has been adapted for such products as egg rolls, burritos, tortillas and cannelloni. Of considerably less relevance is **United States Patent #4,669,967** reveals a nozzle, piston and cylinder mechanism for taking in food and extruding it in a specific shape and amount so as to have all items identical, such as frankfurters, sausage and the like. **United States Patent #5,900,265** unveils an apparatus for filling substantially round food (mainly pastries and other baked goods) by means of a coiled tube. The tube is inserted into a food item that is rotationally restrained while said tube is turned into the pastry. Filling is then pumped into said food in a predetermined quantity.

My present invention describes a method that is very user friendly, easy to keep clean and is extremely versatile unlike the above mentioned Prior Art, heretofore known to suffer from a number of disadvantages.

(a) The previous art patents are very complicated and would require well trained personnel to operate safely and efficiently.

(b) There would be difficulty in maintaining them as the mechanical components will wear, and metal components would be prone to corrosion and other effects of the environment involved.

(c) All except #6,117,467 can only utilize viscous pumpable products and are not suited for use in the home or restaurant.

- (d) The prior art mentioned is very limited as to what types of items can be stuffed.
- (e) The prior art does not allow for the desired stuffing to be stratified.
- (f) The afore mentioned art is much more difficult to maintain in a clean and sanitary condition.
- (g) The previous art except #6,117,467 are stationary and are not suited for the home or restaurant.
- SUMMARY OF THE PRESENT INVENTION**
- Particularly the invention is a method, which utilizes rollable and unrollable substantially flat sheets (of various sizes of about 6"x 11"x .007" thick) and push rods ( of selected lengths and diameters) that are snugably and slidebly insertable into the rolled flat sheet. More particularly the method for stuffing food such as pork tenderloin, fish fillet, fowl breast or any combination that the chef may decide is appropriate for the food item to be stuffed. Other considerations such as nutritional value, appearance and taste combinations are all addressed by my invention.
- Objects and Advantages**
- Accordingly, besides the objects and advantages of the method described in my above patent, several objects and advantages of the present invention are but not limited to the following.
- (a) to provide a method of inserting a desired stuffing into any food item that an aperture and thus a cavity may be created.
  - (b) to provide a method of organizing or stratifying the stuffing.
  - (c) to provide a method of rapidly stuffing several items in a uniform manner.

(d) to provide a method of depositing stuffing of any consistency into a desired food item.

(e) to provide a method for the deposition of stuffing in a food item that is efficient.

(f) to provide a method of depositing stuffing which is easily used in the home or restaurant.

Further objects and advantages are to provide home and restaurant chefs with a method that is convenient, easily used and will allow the chef to combine a number of ingredients desired which will result in a taste and or nutritional combination that is desired.

#### **BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS**

In the drawings, closely related components have the same number but different alphabetic suffixes.

Fig. 1 rollable substantially flat sheet

Fig. 2 Rolled flat sheet (empty) to emphasize its variability

Fig.3 Push rod (of desired diameter and length)

Fig. 4 Rolled flat sheet and stuffing contained therein

Fig. 5 Food to be stuffed, having had an aperture hence cavity cut into it and rolled sheet filled with desired stuffing contained and partially inserted

Fig. 6 Rolled sheet with stuffing completely inserted into food being stuffed with push rod in position for placement inside rolled sheet.

Fig. 7 insertion of push rod into exposed end of rolled flat sheet and urging

forward the push rod to to inject desired stuffing.

Fig. 8 Stuffed item that indicates the stuffing has been deposited to desired depth and quantity, after which the rolled flat sheet and the push rod may be cleaned and re used for a similar or a different application.

Fig. 9 Method utilizes but not limited to the following components either in number or dimension.

#### **REFERENCE NUMERALS IN DRAWINGS**

10. substantially flat rollable sheet.

11. push rod of desired length and diameter

    11a. about .625 inches diameter push rod

    11b. about .750 inches diameter push rod.

    11c. about .875 inches diameter push rod.

12. stuffing selected

13. food item to be stuffed.

14. rubber bands or other means of securing components for convenient storage.

#### **DESCRIPTION-FIGS. 1- THROUGH 9- PREFERRED EMBODIMENT**

A preferred embodiment of the present invention would be the use of but not limited to the following components.

a. One sheet of substantially flat rollable sheet of about the following dimensions.

    1. One sheet about .007 inches thick by 6 inches wide by 11 inches in length.

b. Three push rods of about the following dimensions.

    1. One push rod of about .625 inches in diameter by about 12 inches in length

    2. One push rod of about .750 inches in diameter by about 12 inches in length

3. One push rod of about .875 inches in diameter by about 12 inches in length.

Used with said method, components of about the specifications previously mentioned will enable a chef to professionally and expeditiously stuff food items. Until now slicing the food item completely open depositing the stuffing then closing by sewing, tying, or using wooden or metal rods to ensure the food item will retain the stuffing placed within.

A preferred embodiment as to the use of said method and use of said components previously mentioned is as follows.

Once the chef has chosen a food item to be stuffed, the chef will then utilize a knife or other instrument of sufficient length that is capable of slicing the selected food item. Starting at (usually) the larger end will pierce the food item and while not cutting through the sides, will urge the knife blade to a depth desired. At this point the knife will be used to cut and enlarge the aperture created by the insertion of the knife blade into the food item to be stuffed.

The chef would then select the flat sheet of choice (Fig.1) **10** and place it on the work surface in such way that the longer side of the sheet is toward the chef. At this time the chef would place a quantity of stuffing on the upward facing surface of the flat sheet. While lifting the edge nearest the chef, the edge will be turned to the upward facing surface of the sheet and rolled in a clockwise motion (Fig.2) **10**. Once completely rolled with the desired stuffing inside (fig.4) **10, 12**, the push rod selected (Fig. 3) **11** will be closest in diameter to the inside diameter of the rolled sheet containing the stuffing. At this time (Fig.5) the rolled sheet **10** with the stuffing **12** would be introduced to the

food item **13** to be stuffed. This is accomplished by opening the aperture and easing the rolled sheet into the food item while applying a slight clockwise rotational movement. This will assist the insertion of the rolled sheet and also prevent the edges of the rolled sheet from getting caught and causing the rolled sheet to try and become unrolled. Once the rolled sheet **10** and stuffing **12** have been inserted to the desired depth (Fig. 6) in the food item **13**. The push rod of choice **11** may be inserted into the exposed end of the rolled sheet **10** and urged forward while gently grasping the outer surface of the rolled sheet **10**. As the push rod **11** is urged into the rolled sheet **10**, the stuffing **12** within (Fig. 7) will be deposited as desired by the chef into the food item **13**. Gently restrain the rolled sheet **10**, this will assist in the complete deposition of the stuffing **12** into the food item **13**. At this time the sheet **10** and push rod **11** may be used again on a similar food item or washed for the next use. When the food item (Fig. 8) **13** is completed, the stuffing placed within will fill the entire cavity created by the chef in the first step and will stay contained within, without the need to sew, tie or use wooden or metal rods to hold the food item closed.

The invention as presented should in no way be construed as being the only embodiment that it may assume. Any number of rollable flat sheets and push rods of any dimension and or specification can be visualized. Just as an example (Fig. 9) demonstrates how the present components may appear in such a condition as would be used for storage and the components restrained in a very compact bundle by rubber bands **14** or other means. Rolled sheet **10** could assume many different sizes, but for this example we will use a sheet of about .007 inches thick by about 6 inches wide by about 11 inches in length. The push rods **11A, 11B, 11C**, are all about 12 inches in length, but vary in

diameter for **11A** .625 inches, **11B** .750 Inches, and **11C** .875 inches. This selection of diameters will most certainly allow the chef a wide range of flexibility when stuffing various sized food items.

## **ADVANTAGES**

Accordingly from the description presented above, the advantages of my invention are evident and not limited to the following

- (a) The afore-mentioned stuffing may be viscous such as mustard, or other thick sauces.
- (b) Viscous and solid, such as a combination of a thick sauce and capers, olives, chopped onions
- (c) Solids such as whole roasted red peppers, mushrooms, pieces of cheese, sliced or diced vegetables.
- (d) The infinitely variable rollable flat sheet permits any desired diameter and it also encourages creativity by enabling the chef to actually place items in a stratified order.

This will effect both the taste of the food being stuffed and also its visual impact. A good example of this would be to create an aperture, thus a cavity into a pork tenderloin to the desired depth and width without cutting through the sides. Slice open roasted red peppers and lay them out flat on the upward facing surface of the rollable flat sheet. On the peppers place some sautéed scallions and roll the edges of the peppers over the scallions and then roll up the flat sheet so as to enclose the pepper and scallion stuffing. While rolling the sheet take notice that some variation in diameter will occur. Select the push rod that most closely fits the inside diameter of the rolled sheet. While inserting the rolled flat sheet with stuffing contained therein, exert a slight rotational force (so as to not

unwrap the cylinder) to assist the insertion. After placing the rolled flat sheet with said stuffing therein into the food being stuffed to desired depth. Insert the selected push rod and urge the push rod forward while gently grasping the rollable flat sheet. This will allow the stuffing to be deposited as desired and the rolled flat sheet will slide out as the stuffing is urged into the food being stuffed. Once cooked and sliced across the length, a pattern containing in its center, scallions surrounded by roasted red peppers and then enveloped with pork tenderloin. The dame can be accomplished with fish fillets, fowl breast, or any stuffable food item in which an aperture and cavity can be created to accommodate the desired quantity of stuffing.

(e) Said method is limited only by the imagination of the chef.

(f) It is not mechanical, is infinitely variable as to its capacity, requires minimal components, is easily utilized by anyone capable of preparing food. Said components are much easier to maintain in a clean sanitary condition.

(g) The invention being proposed has been tested hundreds of times to stuff all manner of foods imaginable. The invention has worked flawlessly on all occasions.

(h) This invention utilizes but is not limited to any desired number of rollable substantially flat sheets and push rods of desired lengths and diameters.

## **OPERATION**

The manner of using the present invention is very efficient, and will yield exceptional results every time, even for the novice chef. The following steps embrace the essence of the use and operation of my invention.

(1) Preparing a stuffable food item by creating an aperture and a cavity there in.

(2) Selecting a rollable flat sheet.

- (3) Placing the edible stuffing onto the upward-facing surface of said flat sheet in the desired amount.
- (4) Rolling said flat sheet so as to encase said stuffing of choice inside.
- (5) Select the push rod most closely fitting the inside diameter of said rolled flat sheet with stuffing therein.
- (6) Insert one end of the rolled flat sheet into said aperture and said cavity created within said stuffable food item.
- (7) With a gentle rotational motion in the same direction as said flat sheet was rolled, insert said rolled sheet with said stuffing to the desired depth within said cavity.
- (8) Introduce said selected push rod to the exposed end of said rolled sheet and stuffing.
- (9) Urge said push rod forward thereby beginning placement of said edible stuffing within said stuffable food item.
- (10) Maintain a gentle grasp of said rolled flat sheet. thus allowing said food item being stuffed to slide off of said rolled sheet while said push rod is being urged forward. There may also be occasion to restrain slightly said food being stuffed, so a larger quantity of stuffing may be deposited as desired.
- (11) Deposit desired quantity of stuffing.
- (12) Said process may be repeated following unrolling of said flat sheet and cleaning of said sheet and push rod if required.

## CONCLUSION, RAMIFICATION, AND SCOPE

Consequently the reader will note that the manner of using this present invention is very different from all other prior art this found. The method is consistent regardless of the object being stuffed, the push rod may change, as the chef desires. This may be due to any number of factors which would increase or decrease the quantity of stuffing, which in turn has a direct bearing on the size of the rollable flat sheet once filled with the stuffing desired. This method of stuffing food items is very easy to learn by anyone capable of preparing food. Said components are durable and when made of the appropriate materials such as Lexan or Acrylic it would be considered as FDA and USDA certified for use with all food products. Utilizing transparent materials also allows the chef to view the stuffing prior to being place into the food to be stuffed. Much larger objects could also be stuffed by changing the size of the rollable flat sheet and the size of the push rod being used. Although the description of my invention as discussed previously contains certain specifications, these should not be construed as limiting the scope of the invention but as merely providing illustrations of some of the presently preferred embodiments of this invention.